Bibliography = A list of works published on a specific subject matter

Annotation = an explanatory note offering commentary

Annotated Bibliography = A list of works with a common theme in each work is annotated. The annotations in this list may be indicative, summative, evaluative or a combination thereof.

Examples:

1. The document cited below is an annotated bibliography that was published in the *American Journal of Audiology*. You can find it through EBSCOhost Academic Search Premier. Take notice of the very specific procedures and parameters that the authors set for searching for, reviewing and annotating the works that are included.


2. Just like the previous document, this annotated bibliography was also published in an academic journal. It includes a statement describing the way in which feedback was solicited from participants in a research study as to how they felt about the works that were included.


3. Finally, the example below demonstrates the application of APA style to the process of crafting a bibliography. This sample and more can be found from the Cornell University Libraries (guides.library.cornell.edu/annotatedbibliography). Please notice that annotations always follow citations.


The authors, researchers at the Rand Corporation and Brown University, use data from the National Longitudinal Surveys of Young Women and Young Men to test their hypothesis that nonfamily living by young adults alters their attitudes, values, plans, and expectations, moving them away from their belief in traditional sex roles. They find their hypothesis strongly supported in young females, while the effects were fewer in studies of young males. Increasing the time away from parents before marrying increased individualism, self-sufficiency, and changes in attitudes about families. In contrast, an earlier study by Williams cited below shows no significant gender differences in sex role attitudes as a result of nonfamily living.